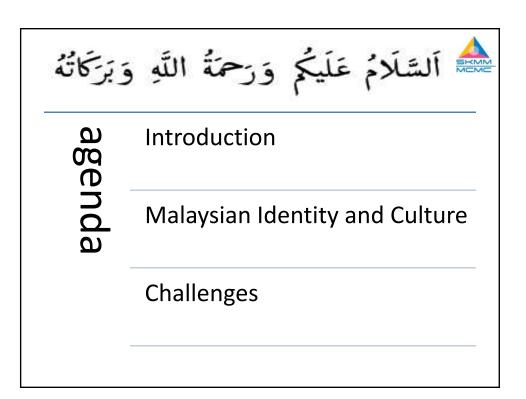
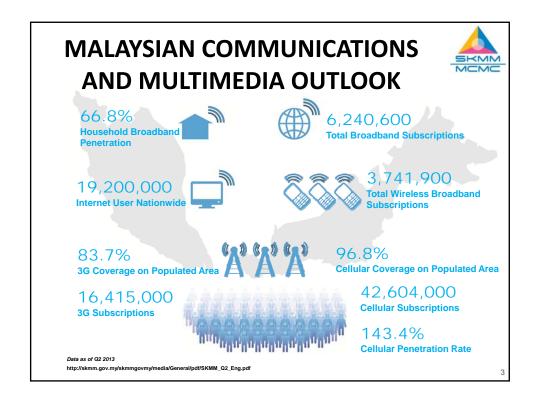
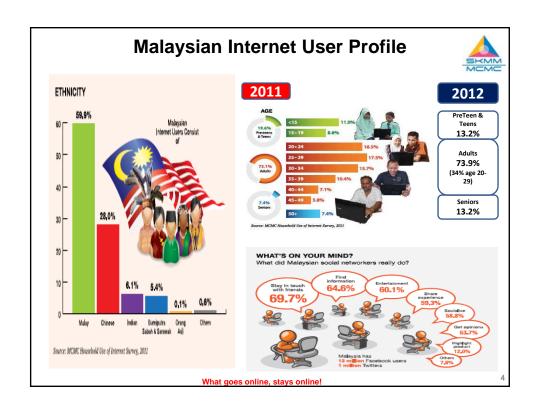
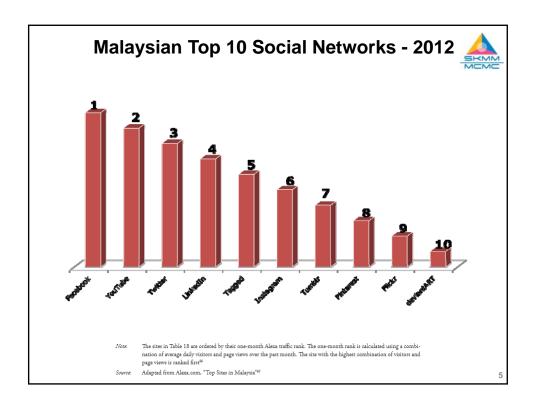


Cultural Dimensions in Cyberspace: The Malaysian Experience









	SKMM
Type of complaints	Nos.
1. Menacing/Offensive	301
2. False	287
3. Obscene	176
4. Fraud (including phishing)	102
5. Others	144
Total	1,010



Malaysian Identity and Culture Must be jealously guarded, developed, preserved and promoted

7

Cultural representation through National Identity

The picture of the Malaysian Flag indicates the background is tri-color - Red, white and blue

According to Ancient and Heraldic traditions much symbolism is associated with colors.

The colors on the Malaysian flag represent the following:

White - peace and honesty Red - hardiness, bravery, strength & valour

Blue - vigilance, truth and loyalty, perseverance & justice. The blue field also symbolizes the unity of the Malaysian people

Yellow - the yellow seen on the crescent and star is the color of the royal family and representation of Islam as the Official Religion of Malaysia Jalur Gemilang (Malaysian Flag)



Examples of other laws which apply to common online situations



Penal Code (Act 574)

Wantonly giving provocation, with intent to cause riot

153. Whoever malignantly or wantonly, by doing anything which is illegal, gives provocation to any person, intending or knowing it to be likely that such provocation will cause the offence of rioting to be committed, shall, if the offence of rioting is committed in consequence of such provocation, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine, or with both; and if the offence of rioting is not committed, with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine or with both.

Causing, etc., disharmony, disunity, or feelings of enmity, hatred or ill-will, or prejudicing, etc., the maintenance of harmony or unity, on grounds of religion

298A. (1) Whoever by words, either spoken or written, or by signs, or by visible representations, or by any act, activity or conduct, or by organizing, promoting or arranging, or assisting in organizing, promoting or arranging, any activity, or otherwise in any other manner—

(a) causes, or attempts to cause, or is likely to cause <u>disharmony</u>, <u>disunity</u>, <u>or feelings of enmity</u>, <u>hatred or ill will</u>; or (b) prejudices, or attempts to prejudice, or is likely to prejudice, the

maintenance of harmony or unity, on grounds of religion, between persons or groups of persons professing the same or different religions, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term of not less than two years and not more than five years.

What goes online, stays online!

9

Examples of other laws which apply to common online situations



Penal Code (Act 574)

Act caused by inducing a person to believe that he will be rendered an object of Divine displeasure

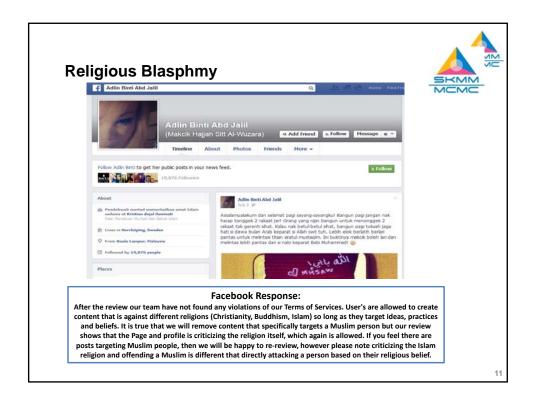
508. Whoever voluntarily causes or attempts to cause any person to do anything which that person is not legally bound to do, or to omit to do anything which he is legally entitled to do, by inducing or attempting to induce that person to believe that he, or any person in whom he is interested, will become or will be rendered by some act of the offender an <u>object of Divine displeasure</u> if he does not do the thing which it is the object of the offender to cause him to do, or if he does the thing which it is the object of the offender to cause him to omit, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with fine or with both.

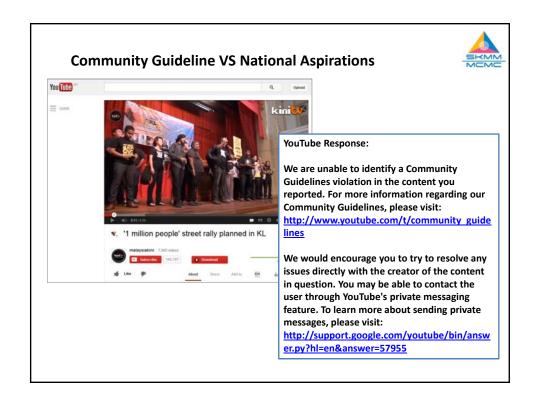
Word or gesture intended to insult the modesty of a person

509. Whoever, intending to insult the modesty of any person, utters any word, makes any sound or gesture, or exhibits any object, intending that such word or sound shall be heard, or that such gesture or object shall be seen by such person, or intrudes upon the privacy of such person, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to five years or with fine or with both

What goes online, stays online!

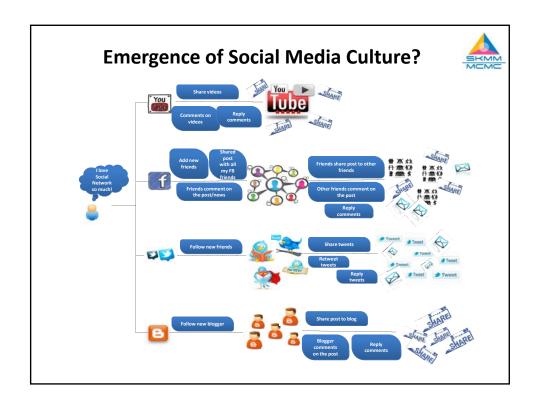
10













Challenges and Way Forward

ISSUES	PROBLEMS	IMPACT
SUSPECT'S INFORMATION	Impersonation is easy by using the techniques available for free on line	Difficulty in obtaining evidence such as IP addresses and the suspect's activities/movement.
ADMINISTRATOR AND WEB SITE ARE HOSTED IN OVERSEAS	 Not subjected to the country's law. Not cooperating with MCMC/other Authority Subjected to the country's law where it is hosted. Confidentiality policy – Not reveal the details of the website owner 	Need to go through the legal process & procedures of foreign country (Mutual Legal Assistance) which is limited and time consuming.
THE CONTENT CAN BE CHANGED EASILY OR TRANSFERRED	Unable to detect the content that is in breach of laws.	No evidence of an offence
NO ACCURATE RECORDS OR CONSUMER DATA TRANSACTION/ ACTIVITY	 ISP do not store the required records or data Information stored in the computer can be deleted. 	Unable to connect the suspect with the offence committed
INTERNET CONTENT TOO MANY AND UNORGANISED	 Manual surveillance requires extra manpower. Unable to manage information systematically 	Unable to swiftly trace the content which is in breach of the law

INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION





Chair of ASEAN Telecommunications Regulatory Council (ATRC) Network Security Working Group



A member of the Security & Prosperity Steering Group (SPSG) of APEC Telecommunications and Information Working Group (APECTEL)



Member of Steering Committee of the Meridian (A meeting and workshop for Governmental and Regulatory bodies responsible for the protection of critical infrastructure)



Signatory of the Seoul-Melbourne MoU against Spam and member of the London Action Plan



MoU with Korean Communications Standards Commission



Member of IIC International Regulators Forum

