

ASEAN Regional Forum Disaster Relief Exercise (ARF DiREx) 2011 After Action Review (AAR)

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1

ASEAN Regional Forum Disaster Relief Exercise (ARF DiREx) 2011

- ✓ Overview of DiREx 2011
- ✓ Conclusions & Recommendations

2

Overview of DiREx 2011

- ◆ Table Top Exercise (TTX)
- ◆ Urban Search and Rescue (USAR) exercises
- ◆ Field Training Exercise (FTX)
- ◆ Land Operations
- ◆ Maritime Operations
- ◆ Air Operations
- ◆ Medical Operations, Medical Civic Action Programme (MEDCAP)
- ◆ Engineering Civic Action Programme (ENCAP)

3

Overview of DiREx 2011

- ◆ Affected by the earthquake and tsunami happened in Japan on 11 March 2011 (3 days before the Exercise)
- ◆ Logical consequence
 - personnel, assets, scenario



- ◆ Operational aspect
 - coordination, logistics, human resources, security, organizational and Standard Operating Procedures (SOP)

4

Conclusions & Recommendations

1

Dynamic interaction
(between various nations and international
disaster-relief related organizations)

Interact with each other in a disaster relief
exercise, involving both civilian and military
personnel and assets from ARF Participants

→ participation of organizations and troops from as
many as countries as possible

5

Conclusions & Recommendations

2

TTX should be elaborated

The command and coordination aspect of
the exercise correspond further to the real
situation.

→ **Possibility of conducting Command Post Exercise (CPX)**



6

Conclusions & Recommendations

3

It is important for countries and agencies in the region to share views on disaster relief policy in an affected country, in order to effectively and rapidly address disasters.

More effective and coordinated disaster relief operation in the South East Asia region



Strengthen the function of the AHA Centre

7

Conclusions & Recommendations

4

Indonesia, the ARF DiREx 2011 co-chair, successfully enhanced its ability to meet the expected needs in case of disaster, in a timely and appropriate manner

- Joint Operation Centre (JOC)
- Combined Coordination Centre (CCC)
- Main Command Post (MCP)



8

Conclusions & Recommendations

5

It is therefore highly important to also conduct follow up activities in the field of disaster management



→ we suggest that we hold similar exercises with an interval of two years, while conducting TTX and other relevant activities in between

→ Next DiREx ?



9