Physical Destruction of Coral Reef Ecosystems and Overexploitation of Endangered Species: Compromising Biodiversity and Economic Productivity

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Coral reefs sustain fish life

- Fusiliers &
- Jacks among others

(Show Video 1)

Reclamation Activities GAVEN REEF (BURGOS REEF)

IHS Jane's Satellite Imagery Analysis

Gaven Reefs, South China Sea

10.207780 N 114.223430 E

Image Dates: 31 March 2014 and 7 August 2014



Airbus Defence and Space imagery shows Chinese activity in Gaven Reefs in the Spratly Islands. China built an artificial island between March and August 2014.



Reclamation **Activities** FIERY CROSS REEF (KAGITINGAN REEF)

IHS Jane's Satellite Imagery Analysis

Fiery Cross Reef, South China Sea Jane's Defense Weekly 26 November 2014 Edition





Details of plans published by the No. 9 Design & Research Institute of China State Shipbuilding Corporation showing a possible Chinese military base on reclaimed land in the Spratly islands. (China State Shipbuilding Corporation)

Recent estimates (March 2015) of reef ecosystems destroyed in the

Spratlys: REEF From images in Jane's mag	EST. RECLAIMED
GAVEN REEF	14 has
UNION REEF NORTH	7.5 has
UNION REEF SOUTH	12.5 has
CUATERON REEF	12 has
FIERY CROSS REEF	265 has
TOTAL RECLAIMED AREA	311 has

Coral Reef Ecosystem services



Global estimates of the value of ecosystems and their services in monetary units (de Groot et al., 2012)

CORAL REEF	Int.\$/ha/yr
Provisioning services	55,724
Food	677
Raw Materials	21,528
Genetic resources	33,048
Ornamental resources	472
Regulating services	171,478
Climate regulation	1,188
Disturbance moderation	16,991
Waste treatment	85
Erosion prevention	153,214
Habitat services	16,210
Genetic diversity	16,210
Cultural services	108,837
Esthetic information	11,390
Recreation	96,302
Cognitive information	1,145
Total economic	352 249

Economic value of coral reefs and what we are losing

- Considering direct use, indirect use, existence values, etc. de Groot (2012)
 \$350,000/hectare/year
- Applied to the area reclaimed to date ~ 311 hectares

 Gives more than \$ 100,000,000.00 lost to the countries around the South China Sea annually

Show Video 2



Biodiversity in Adversity:
Wholesale removal of giant
clam shells, dead or alive, by
Chinese fishers

The Return of the Giant Clam

by Edgardo D. Gomez



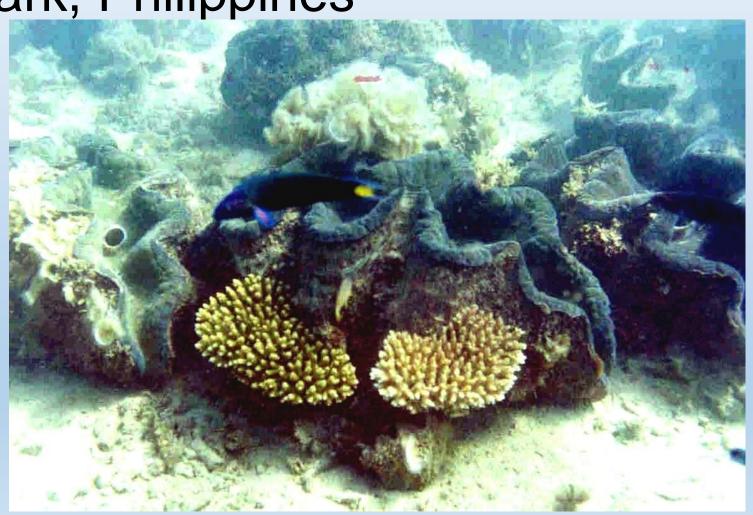
Where all the giant clam shells go: Tanmen, Hainan, China



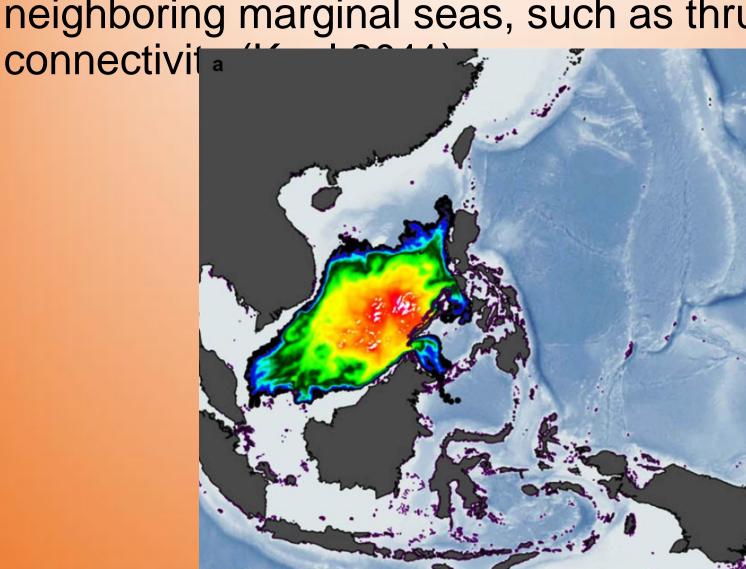
A few cultured *Tridacna gigas*, the true giant clam, in the Philippines (with a diver swimming above for



Ecosystem services of giant clams at the Hundred Islands National Park, Philippines



Healthy coral reefs in the West Philippine Sea (=SCS) are important for the productivity of neighboring marginal seas, such as thru larval



Thank you for your attention.

Acknowledgement: This presentation represents a combination of information from various sources: marine scientific research in the Philippines and other countries, led by many individuals, government agencies, and open sources